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Complex Atlases And Their Classifications

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ABSTRACT

The following article shows that the following article will improve the use of complex atlases in terms of classification and the data on the formation and implementation of corruption data.

KEYWORDS

Atlas, Classification, Area Deletes, Relief, Industrial, Island, Support, Expectation.

INTRODUCTION

The establishment of the complex description of nature, natural resources of the country,

population, population, science and culture, health sectors began in the twenty century.

During the current era of economic and cultural development, this work is one of the most important issues. [1]

Territorial complex and geographical satins are the perfect product in various fields and a summary of research in various fields and knowledge. These atlases can be used in the activities of the economy, design and comprehensive development of districts, regions, as well as separate areas of districts and large areas. You can find detailed information on the natural and socio-resources of the region and the amount of them, and the amount of their use, in public spheres, population and labour resources. [2]

In 1963 he was published by about 50 different types of Uzbekistan. The cards in it provided mainly to the main natural conditions of the region, and the development of the people's economy is not fully reflected. This satin did not satisfy the development requirements for the economy. In this regard, the government of the republic decided to process the atlas.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

The scientific-practical complex of Uzbekistan is generalizing and synthesize the results of research. Atlas is in itself Cartographic and texture data in the natural conditions of the republic, natural resources, population, culture, culture, health sectors. The satin is designed for individual employees of nature, natural resources of the republic, planning organizations engaged in the fields of natural resources, economics, research and research institutions and higher education institutions, government and other governing bodies. It is also possible to use the use of natural resources, the development of productive

forces and placement of production forces. [2,3]

The satin consists of the introductory part and from two main sections: "Natural conditions and resources" and "Residents, the economy, construction and history and history." The atlas consists of 20 parts, including photos of more than 31 cards and card schemes, geographical text and 48 sheets. There are 3 cards in the "Introduction". The first section of the satin combines the card, and the second section is 137 cards. At the end of the satin, physical, economic cards and geographical names of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, as well as the Republic of Karakalpakstan. Like other regional satires (North Kazakhstan, Tyumen region, etc.), each part of each part is given, which increases the practical significance of the text of the cards. [4]

Each section of the satin consists of cards and texts, given according to the following plan. The department begins with the title of titles. The content here is the name of the department in the background of a large topic photo to fully cover the reader's attention. In some section, the photos can be 2 or more to illuminate their content more in the title. For example, Atlas's "Relief" department shows photos of the mountainous, foothill and lowlands of the republic in the country. It is advisable to provide colour photos that reflect various industries of the industrial branch sheet. The main types of sheets after the title contain private cards that fill in their content. At the end of the department, the zoning card was included in this or that natural components or national economy. The first part of the satin is scheduled to end with practical cards. In order to provide a

comprehensive study of the Aral Sea, a series of cards on the island is included. At the end of 2, there is a card for the development of the development and history of the republic. [4]

With these atlases, we also developed a project to create a network of Fergana State University. In this case, the textual part of the ATLAS sections describes the structure, components, various sectors of the university, social and logistics, their territorial locations, the ways and prospects of economic development, the laws, potential, economic development. Here special attention is paid to the description of the dynamic aspects reflected in the cards. [5]

The text descriptions provided to cards are provided in the formation of cards, especially unusually, extraordinary cards are given methods and principles of correspondence formation, type of indicator (exposure) and selection of natural components. Information from cards is provided with ways and methods of use for practical purposes. In this case, the set of cards should be completed each other. [6]

The development is based on the following basic principles:

- 1) The university's unique characteristics, resources, population, culture, science, and comprehensive definition of science, services. As a result, the expansion of the contents of satin. Fergana State University, a comprehensive letter of employment activities and teaching students, such as the number of students in the academic exchanges, the Orthophotopy of the area, etc.

- 2) Expansion of the practical significance of the contest content with the following areas:

- a) Capacity of students in various fields and directions, how much covert education from the area came to have come to the assessment of cards of their particular components;
- b) Input cards reflecting the number of students in the credit system;
- c) The introduction of various preventive cards to reconstruct buildings and structures of the region;
- d) Selection of classification of units and methods of scientific and scientifically based indicators and methods of cartography;
- 3) Large-scale card schemes, versions of basic fine-based cards. Filling with diagrams and graphs.
- 4) A set of cards on diagrams of comparisons comparing cards, especially the dynamics of natural and economic processes, through comparing different conditions, including 50 years, and the scientific potential of Fergana State University in 2000, and a set of cards. Create.
- 5) Ensuring deep scientific bases of all departments and separate cards of the Atras, the content, exposure of the text, and exposure to the indicators, the records of the indicators, and the performance of the indicators, the performance methods.

CONCLUSION

Instead, we can see the following, the above principles have general scientific characteristics and develop accounting for their integrity and developing a complex satin methodology.

Any satin or cards in the context of the methodology first give the content of the meaning and provide comprehensive cartographical characteristics, as well as in the historical development of connections, events, and incidents. The display is particularly important. The fact requires the development of a separate database in revealing the content of each satin card and the creation of elements of content, placing elements of content, requiring them to work.

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